## The Indian School

Kingdom Of Bahrain

## FIRST TERM EXAMINATION 2011

Class 11
Subject : MATHEMATICS

Max. Marks 100
Time: 3hrs

## General Instructions

1. All questions are compulsory
2. The question paper consists of $\mathbf{2 9}$ questions divided in to three sections $A, B$ and $C$.
3. Question numbers 1 to $\mathbf{1 0}$ are of 1 mark each, Question numbers $\mathbf{1 1}$ to $\mathbf{2 2}$ are of $\mathbf{4}$ marks each and Question numbers 23 to 29 are of 6 marks each.
4. All the questions in section $\boldsymbol{A}$ are to be answered in one word, one sentence or as per the exact requirement of the question.
5. This question paper contains 3 printed pages.

## SECTION A

1. Find $\tan \mathrm{A}$ if $\sin \mathrm{A}=-\frac{12}{13}$ and A is in the third quadrant.
2. Evaluate $\cos \left(600^{\circ}\right)$
3. Evaluate $\sin 75^{\circ} \cos 15^{\circ}-\cos 75^{\circ} \sin 15^{\circ}$
4. If $Z=(2-3 i)$ find $(Z \bar{Z})$
5. Simplify $\mathrm{i}^{10}+\mathrm{i}^{11}+\mathrm{i}^{12}+\mathrm{i}^{13}$.
6. Write down the multiplicative inverse of the complex number 2-i in the standard form.
7. Solve $4 x+3 \leq 6 x+7$
8. Solve $\left(-2-\frac{x}{4}\right) \geq 2(x+3)$
9. Find ${ }^{n} \operatorname{Pr}$ if $\mathrm{n}=9$ and $\mathrm{r}=5$.
10. Find $r$ if ${ }^{5} \mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{r}}=5{ }^{4} \mathrm{P}_{3}$

## SECTION B

11. Find the values of $\sin 15^{\circ}$ and $\tan 15^{\circ}$.
12. Prove that $\cos 20^{\circ} \cos 40^{\circ} \cos 60^{\circ} \cos 80^{\circ}=(1 / 16)$
13. Prove that $\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2+2 \cos 8 A}}}=2 \cos A$ OR
Solve $2 \sin ^{2} \mathrm{~A}=\sin \mathrm{A}$
14. Show that $1.2+2.3+\ldots \ldots+\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{n}+1)=\frac{n(n+1)(n+2)}{3}$,using PMI.

OR
Show that $1^{2}+2^{2}+\ldots . .+\mathrm{n}^{2}=\frac{n(n+1)(2 n+1)}{6}$
15. Prove by PMI that $10^{2 \mathrm{n}-1}+1$ is divisible by 11
16. Find the conjugate of the complex number $\frac{(2+i)}{(1+i)(1-2 i)}$
17. Express $3-\sqrt{3} i$ in the modulus amplitude form
18. If $\mathrm{x}-\mathrm{iy}=\sqrt{\frac{a-i b}{c-i d}}$, prove that $\left(\mathrm{x}^{2}+\mathrm{y}^{2}\right)^{2}=\frac{a^{2}+b^{2}}{c^{2}+d^{2}}$

OR
Solve $\sqrt{3} x^{2}-\sqrt{2} x+3 \sqrt{3}=0$
19. Solve $2 x-7<11,3 x>$ and represent using a number line
20. In an experiment, a solution of hydrochloric acid is to be kept between $30^{\circ}$ and $35^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. What is the range of temperature in degree Fahrenheit if conversion formula is given by $\mathrm{C}=\frac{5}{9}(F-32)$
21. A coin is tossed three times and the outcomes are recorded. How many possible outcomes are there?

## OR

How many three digit numbers can be formed using the digits $0,1,2,3,4,5$.
22. How many words with or without meaning can be formed using the letters of the word MISSISSIPPI using all at a time.

## SECTION C

23. Derive the relation $\cos (\mathrm{A}-\mathrm{B})=\cos \mathrm{A} \cos \mathrm{B}+\sin \mathrm{A} \sin \mathrm{B}$
24. Find $\sin \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$ and $\cos \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$ and $\tan \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$, if $\tan \mathrm{x}=-\left(\frac{4}{3}\right)$

## OR

Prove that $\sin x+\sin 2 x+\sin 5 x+\sin 7 x=4 \cos x \cos 2 x \sin 4 x$
25. Prove that $\frac{1}{1.2 .3}+\frac{1}{2.3 .4}+\ldots \ldots+\frac{1}{n(n+1)(n+2)}=\frac{n(n+3)}{4(n+1)(n+2)}$

OR
Show that $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{n}+1)(\mathrm{n}+5)$ is divisible by 3
26. Find the square root of $-7-24 \mathrm{i}$
27. Find real A if $\frac{3+2 i \sin A}{1-2 i \sin A}$ is a) purely real, b) purely imaginary
28. Solve the following system of inequalities graphically: $x+2 y \leq 8,2 x+y \leq 8$, $x \geq 0, y \geq 0$.
29. The letters of the word FATHER are used to make different words and arranged as in the dictionary. Find the chronological rank of the word FATHER.

